# Unit 2 测试 错题整理

**高一（6）班 邵亦成 26号**

**61.5+0+12/85+15+20** G. MAX 90+13 C. MAX 87 / 13 AVG. 63.21+12.12+5.32

1. **Multiple Choice** 5/8 AVG. 6
   1. On May 25, 1961, President John F. Kennedy gave a ++++ speech before the Congress that set the United States on a course to the moon.
   * **A. historic** ~~B. historical~~ C. history D. historian
   * **historic**: adj. (remarkable, significant) **历史性的；有历史意义的**
     + historic **event/battle** 历史性的
     + historic **period/site/building** 有历史意义的
     + of historic importance 有重要历史意义的
     + on this historic occasion 在这个历史性时刻
   * **historical**:
     + adj. (belonging to the past) **历史的**
       - historical **background/record** 历史背景/记载
       - a historical novel 历史小说
     + adj. (concerning past events) **有关历史的**
       - historical events/**study**
       - a historical fact 史实
   * 因此选**A. historic**。
   1. -- You should have thanked her before you left.
   * -- I meant ++++, but when I was leaving I couldn’t find her anywhere.
   * A. to do **B. to have** C. doing ~~D. doing so~~
   * **to mean to do sth: 打算做某事**
   * "mean to do"的事件发生在**过去**"was leaving"的事件前，用**过去完成时**，完整句应为**I had meant to thank her**。 但题目将**have meant**改为了**meant**，因此将**meant**后面的时态往前推一格，即**I meant to have thanked her.** 省略thanked her即为**B. to have**。
   1. How many of the following sentences are **WRONG**?
   * a) He has played volleyball for many years when he was young.
   * b) The scientist has made the experiment for half a year, but he hasn’t succeeded yet.
   * c) Before the plane takes off, please make sure that the seat belt is fastened.
   * d) By the time Sam came back to our rescue, most of us will have been washed away by the flood.
   * A. 0 B. 1 ~~C. 2~~ **D. 3**
   * a) He ~~has played~~ **played** volleyball for many years when he was young. 表示过去发生的事件，使用一般过去时。
   * b) The scientist ~~has made~~ **has been making** the experiment for half a year, but he hasn’t succeeded yet. 非持续性动词需使用现在完成进行时。
   * c) 正确
   * d) By the time Sam came back to our rescue, most of us ~~will have been~~ **will had been** washed away by the flood. by+过去的过去完成时+will虚拟语态。
   * 因此选**D. 3**。
2. Vocabulary 10/10 AVG. 7.6
3. Reading Comprehension
   1. Cloze 10 (11) / 15 AVG. 9.44
      1. In previous research, researchers found that ++++ and out-of-control behavior were more common in children who had experienced loss or violence.
      * A. impulsiveness **B. interruption** C. miscomprehension ~~D. addiction~~
      * **impulsiveness**: n. **冲动 out-of-control behavior**
      * addiction: n. (dependency) 瘾
      * 因此选择**B. interruption**。
      1. ++++, the period of time in which many of the mistakes in self-discipline would potentially lead to the worst life outcomes occurred during the teenage years.
      * A. Fortunately ~~B. Contrarily~~ **C. Unsurprisingly** D. Doubtfully
      * **Contrarily**: 表转折
      * **Unsurprisingly:** **毫不奇怪，表顺接**
      * 上文谈论到不好的结果，下文同样也是不好的结果，因此选择**C. Unsurprisingly**。
      1. 答题卡没涂好
      2. This suggests that there might be a better ++++ on investment from early childhood interventions.
      * ~~A. effect~~ B. expectation C. restriction **D. return**
      * **return:** **(from land, investment) 收益** **a return on an investment 一项投资的收益**
      1. But teens with good self-control ++++ trial and error more strategically, and they understand the difference between a useful learning experiment and real danger.
      * A. look for **B. engage in** ~~C. go over~~ D. apply to
      * **engage:** vi. (be or become involved) 从事 **to engage in (debate, crime, campaign) 参与**
      * **go over:** vt. (visit, tour) 参观; (check, inspect) 检查; (review) 回顾; (clean) 打扫; (spend more than) 超出; (retrace) 润饰 **没有解决、参与的含义**
      * 因此选择**B. engage in**。
   2. Section B
      1. A 4/6 AVG. 3.86
         1. How much is the entrance fee in total if Jeffery visits Yellowstone by car with his father and his 16-year-old daughter during the winter vacation?
         * ~~A. $105~~ B. $55 **C. $35** D. $50
         * Line 2: *$35 - Private, noncommercial vehicle*
      2. B 8/8 AVG. 7.20
4. Fill in the blanks with proper forms of the given verbs. 7/10 AVG. 7.44
   1. The study has found that around 5% of teachers today ++~~is~~ **are** suffering++ (suffer) long-lasting
   * mental health problems, up from just 1% in the 1990s.
   * 主谓一致：around 5% of teachers：''百分数、分数及其他比例词＋of＋名词'' 作主语时，谓语动词的单复数根据 of 后的名词的单复数决定。因此填入**are suffering**。
   1. The paper also quoted recent research, conducted by the Department for Education (DfE), which found that "sleeping problems, panic attacks and anxiety issues" ++~~contributes~~ **(had) contributed**++ (contribute) to teachers' decisions to quit the profession.
   * 主谓一致：主语为三复。
   * 时态："contribute"事件发生在**过去**"found"之前但前后关系不明显，因此可使用**一般过去时**或**过去完成时**。
   * 因此填入**(had) contributed**。
   1. The lead author of the report, John Jerrim, a professor said, "It has long been known that teaching is a stressful and challenging career and it ++++ (be) years before we improve the situation.
   * "improve"一事件发生在将来，使用**it will be long/years/ages before**结构。
   * before conj. **(until) 到…时 it will be years before I earn that much money! 我得到猴年马月才能挣到那么多钱！**
5. Fill in the blanks with proper forms of the given words. 5/10 AVG. 8

* authentically bet extravagance immersive trend
  1. The main reason people pay extra for a Dyson is because it is a vacuum cleaner with a ++~~authentic~~ **trendy**++ brand.
  2. It is a tradition to take the foreign friends to experience the ++~~extravagance~~ **authentic**++ tea culture in the local teahouse.
  3. A simple black cocktail is always a safe ++~~trend~~ **bet**++.
  4. Residents were warned not to be ++~~immersive~~ **extravagant**++ with water, in view of the low rainfall this year.
  5. It’s not taking language classes but backpacking around a country that makes it possible to ++~~bet~~ **immerse**++ yourself in a culture.
* **trendy:** **adj. 时髦的 (clothes, opinion, art)**
* **authentic:** **adj. (genuine) 真品的** (reliable) 真实可信的
* **bet:**
  + n. (gamble) 打赌
  + n. (stake) 赌注
  + **n. (alternative) 选择**
    - **your best bet 最好的办法**
  + **n. (guess) 推测**
    - **it's a good/safe bet that … 很有可能…**
* **extravagant:**
  + **adj. (profligate) 挥霍的 (habits, shopping spree) (wasteful) 浪费的 (habits,way of life)**
  + adj. (costly) 昂贵的 (luxuries, gifts) 过高的 (prices)
  + adj. (exaggerated) 言过其实的 (compliments, claims) 过分的 (demands, behaviour)
  + adj. (unrealistic) 不切实际的 (idea, theory)
* **immerse:**
  + vt. (submerge) 浸泡
    - to immerse sth in sth 把某物浸泡于某液体中
  + vt. (absorb, engross) 使…沉浸 (person)
    - to be immersed in sth 深陷于某事
* **to immerse oneself vr. 专心 to immerse oneself in sth 专心于某事**
  1. Dyson 著名品牌，因此为**trendy**。
  2. teahouse: 正宗的tea culture，因此为**authentic**。
  3. be a safe bet 很有可能，因此为**bet**。
  4. low rainfall 不能挥霍水资源，因此为**extravagant**。
  5. 深度了解文化 immerse oneself in 专心于某事，因此为**immerse**。

1. Translation 13.5/18 AVG. 13.84
   1. **潜心钻研**之后，他终于搞明白了这些地名出自何处。(close)
   * After ~~close inspection~~ **a close look/study**, he finally figured out the origin of the names of those places.
   * **ANS.: After a close look/study, he finally figured out where the names of the places come from.**
   1. 有的地名描述了地貌特征，**而**有的地名则警示人们要远离危险。(warn)
   * Some names of places describe physical features, ~~and~~ **while** some others warn people to stay away from danger.
   * **ANS.: Some place names describe physical features, while others warn people to stay away from danger/off danger/against danger.**
   1. **下次**你去澳洲旅行的时候，那个以总统名字命名的城市不容错过。(name)
   * Next time ~~when~~ you go on a trip to australia, you should not miss the place which is named after a Prime Minister.
   * **next time**不能与**when**连用。
   * **ANS.: Next time you travel to Australia, the city named after the Prime Minister is undoubtedly a must-see.**
   1. 如果想要领略这个故都的**美**景，你可以借一辆**共享单车**并沿着城墙骑一圈。(view)
   * If you want to see the ~~fan??????~~ **beautiful** View of this ancient city, you can borrow a **shared-**bike and take a ride along its city wall.
   * **ANS.: lf you are to enjoy the beautiful view of the former capital, you can borrow a shared-bike and cycle along the city wall.**
   1. 正是伟人们的**杰出**艺术造诣和**重大**科学发现使得这个**偏远**小城成为了一个**久**负盛名的旅游胜地。(It)
   * It is the ~~great~~ **valuable** artworks and ~~huge~~ **great** scientific discoveries of famous people that made ~~this town in the outskirts of the countries~~ **the remote city** **a long established** a famous tourist destination.
   * **ANS.: It's the great minds valuable artworks and great scientific discoveries that make the remote city a long-established tourist destination.**